

# REPUBLIC OF KENYA MINISTRY OF EDUCATION

# JUNIOR SCHOOL CURRICULUM DESIGN

# CREATIVE ARTS AND SPORTS GRADE 9

# FOR LEARNERS WITH PHYSICAL IMPAIRMENT



# KENYA INSTITUTE OF CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT

A Skilled and Ethical Society

# First published 2024

All rights reserved. No part of this book may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system or transcribed, in any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopy, recording or otherwise, without the prior written permission of the publisher.

**ISBN:** 

Published and printed by Kenya Institute of Curriculum Development

#### **FOREWORD**

The Government of Kenya is committed to ensuring that policy objectives for Education, Training and Research meet the aspirations of the Constitution of Kenya 2010, the Kenya Vision 2030, National Curriculum Policy 2019, the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) and the Regional and Global conventions to which Kenya is a signatory. Towards achieving the mission of Basic Education, the Ministry of Education (MoE) has successfully and progressively rolled out the implementation of the Competency Based Curriculum (CBC) at Pre-Primary, Primary and Junior School levels.

The implementation of Competency Based Curriculum involves monitoring and evaluation to determine its success. After the five-year implementation cycle, a summative evaluation of the primary education cycle was undertaken to establish the achievement of learning outcomes as envisaged in the Basic Education Curriculum Framework. The Government of Kenya constituted a Presidential working Party on Education Reforms (PWPER) in 2022 to address salient issues affecting the education sector. PWPER made far reaching recommendations for basic education that necessitated curriculum review. The recommendations of the PWPER, monitoring reports, summative evaluation, feedback from curriculum implementers and other stakeholders led to rationalisation and review of the basic education curriculum.

The reviewed Grade seven curriculum designs for learners with physical impairment build on competencies attained by learners at Primary school level. Emphasis at this grade is the development of skills for exploration and making informed decisions on pathways based on careers.

The curriculum designs present National Goals of Education, essence statements, general and specific expected learning outcomes for the subjects as well as strands and sub strands. The designs also outline suggested learning experiences, key inquiry questions, core competencies, Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs), values, and assessment rubric.

It is my hope that all Government agencies and other stakeholders in Education will use the designs to plan for effective and efficient implementation of the CBC.

HON. EZEKIEL OMBAKI MACHOGU, CBS CABINET SECRETARY, MINISTRY OF EDUCATION

#### **PREFACE**

The Ministry of Education (MoE) nationally implemented Competency Based Curriculum (CBC) in 2019. Grade seven is the first grade of Junior School while Grade 9 is the final grade of the level in the reformed education structure.

The reviewed Grade seven curriculum furthers implementation of the CBC from Primary Education level. The curriculum provides opportunities for learners to focus in a field of their choice to form a foundation for further education and training and/or gain employable skills. This is very critical in the realisation of the Vision and Mission of the on-going curriculum reforms as enshrined in the Sessional Paper No. I of 2019 whose title is: Towards Realizing Quality, Relevant and Inclusive Education and Training for Sustainable Development in Kenya. The Sessional Paper explains the shift from a content-focused curriculum to a focus on **nurturing every learner's potential.** 

Therefore, the Grade seven curriculum designs for learners with physical impairment are intended to enhance the learners' development in the CBC core competencies, namely: Communication and Collaboration, Critical Thinking and Problem Solving, Creativity and Imagination, Citizenship, Digital Literacy, learning to Learn and Self-efficacy.

The curriculum designs provide suggestions for interactive and differentiated learning experiences linked to the various sub strands and the other aspects of the CBC. They also offer several suggested learning resources and a variety of assessment techniques. It is expected that the designs will guide teachers to effectively facilitate learners to attain the expected learning outcomes for Grade nine and prepare them for smooth transition to Senior school. Furthermore, it is my hope that teachers will use the adapted designs to make learning interesting, exciting and enjoyable.

DR. BELIO KIPSANG', CBS PRINCIPAL SECRETARY STATE DEPARTMENT FOR BASIC EDUCATION MINISTRY OF EDUCATION

#### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENT**

The Kenya Institute of Curriculum Development (KICD) Act Number 4 of 2013 (Revised 2019) mandates the Institute to develop and review curricula and curriculum support materials for basic and tertiary education and training. The curriculum development process for any level of education involves thorough research, international benchmarking and robust stakeholder engagement. Through a systematic and consultative process, the KICD conceptualised the Competency Based Curriculum (CBC) as captured in the Basic Education Curriculum Framework (BECF) 2017, that responds to the demands of the 21st Century and the aspirations captured in the Constitution of Kenya 2010, the Kenya Vision 2030, East African Community Protocol, International Bureau of Education Guidelines and the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs).

KICD receives its funding from the Government of Kenya to facilitate successful achievement of the stipulated mandate and implementation of the Government and Sector (Ministry of Education (MoE) plans. The Institute also receives support from development partners targeting specific programmes. The revised Grade seven curriculum designs for learners with physical impairment were developed and adapted with the support of the World Bank through the Kenya Primary Education Equity in Learning Programme (KPEELP); a project coordinated by MoE. Therefore, the Institute is very grateful for the support of the Government of Kenya, through the MoE and the development partners for policy, resource and logistical support. Specifically, special thanks to the Cabinet Secretary-MoE and the Principal Secretary – State Department of Basic Education,

I also wish to acknowledge the KICD curriculum developers and other staff, all teachers, educators who took part as panelists; the Semi-Autonomous Government Agencies (SAGAs) and representatives of various stakeholders for their roles in the development and adaptation of the Grade seven curriculum designs for learners with physical impairment. In relation to this, I acknowledge the support of the Chief Executive Officers of the Teachers Service Commission (TSC) and the Kenya National Examinations Council (KNEC) for their support in the process of developing and adapting these designs. Finally, I am very grateful to the KICD Council Chairperson and other members of the Council for very consistent guidance in the process.

I assure all teachers, parents and other stakeholders that this curriculum design will effectively guide the implementation of the CBC at Grade nine and preparation of learners with Physical Impairment for transition to Senior school.

PROF. CHARLES O. ONG'ONDO, PhD, MBS DIRECTOR/CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

KENYA INSTITUTE OF CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

FOREWORD	.III.
PREFACE	
ACKNOWLEDGEMENT	VI
NATIONAL GOALS OF EDUCATION	IX
LESSON ALLOCATION	.XII
LEARNING AREA	.XII
LEVEL LEARNING OUTCOMES	.XII
ESSENCE STATEMENT	.XIV
SUBJECT GENERAL LEARNING OUTCOMES	XV
SUMMARY OF STRAND AND SUB STRAND	XV
STRAND 1.0: FOUNDATIONS OF CREATIVE ARTS	1
STRAND 2.0: CREATING AND PERFORMING IN CREATIVE ARTS AND SPORTS	10
STRAND 3.0: APPRECIATION IN CREATIVE ARTS AND SPORTS	55
APPENDIX I: GUIDELINES FOR INTEGRATING COMMUNITY SERVICE-LEARNING (CSL) PROJECT	60
APPENDIX II: LIST OF SUGGESTED ASSESSMENT METHODS, LEARNING RESOURCES AND NON- FORM	AL
ACTIVITIES	62

#### NATIONAL GOALS OF EDUCATION

Education in Kenya should:

## 1. Foster nationalism and patriotism and promote national unity.

Kenya's people belong to different communities, races and religions, but these differences need not divide them. They must be able to live and interact as Kenyans. It is a paramount duty of education to help young people acquire this sense of nationhood by removing conflicts and promoting positive attitudes of mutual respect which enable them to live together in harmony and foster patriotism in order to make a positive contribution to the life of the nation.

## 2. Promote the social, economic, technological and industrial needs for national development.

Education should prepare the youth of the country to play an effective and productive role in the life of the nation.

## a) Social Needs

Education in Kenya must prepare children for changes in attitudes and relationships which are necessary for the smooth progress of a rapidly developing modern economy. There is bound to be a silent social revolution following the wake of rapid modernisation. Education should assist our youth to adapt to this change.

## b) Economic Needs

Education in Kenya should produce citizens with the skills, knowledge, expertise and personal qualities that are required to support a growing economy. Kenya is building up a modern and independent economy which is in need of an adequate and relevant domestic workforce.

## c) Technological and Industrial Needs

Education in Kenya should provide learners with the necessary skills and attitudes for industrial development. Kenya recognises the rapid industrial and technological changes taking place, especially in the developed world. We can only be part of this development if our education system is deliberately focused on the knowledge, skills and attitudes that will prepare our young people for these changing global trends.

## 3. Promote individual development and self-fulfilment

Education should provide opportunities for the fullest development of individual talents and personality. It should help children to develop their potential interests and abilities. A vital aspect of individual development is the building of character.

## 4. Promote sound moral and religious values.

Education should provide for the development of knowledge, skills and attitudes that will enhance the acquisition of sound moral values and help children to grow up into self-disciplined, self-reliant and integrated citizens.

# 5. Promote social equity and responsibility.

Education should promote social equality and foster a sense of social responsibility within an education system which provides equal educational opportunities for all. It should give all children varied and challenging opportunities for collective activities and corporate social service irrespective of gender, ability or geographical environment.

# 6. Promote respect for and development of Kenya's rich and varied cultures.

Education should instil in the youth of Kenya an understanding of past and present cultures and their valid place in contemporary society. Children should be able to blend the best of traditional values with the changing requirements that must follow rapid development in order to build a stable and modern society.

## 7. Promote international consciousness and foster positive attitudes towards other nations.

Kenya is part of the international community. It is part of the complicated and interdependent network of peoples and nations. Education should therefore lead the youth of the country to accept membership of this international community with all the obligations and responsibilities, rights and benefits that this membership entails.

# 8. Promote positive attitudes towards good health and environmental protection.

Education should inculcate in young people the value of good health in order for them to avoid indulging in activities that will lead to physical or mental ill health. It should foster positive attitudes towards environmental development and conservation. It should lead the youth of Kenya to appreciate the need for a healthy environment.

# LESSON ALLOCATION

S/No	LEARNING AREA	Number of Lessons Per Week
1.	English	5
2.	Kiswahili / Kenya Sign Language	4
3.	Mathematics	5
4.	Religious Education	4
5.	Social Studies	4
6.	Integrated Science	5
7.	Pre-Technical Studies	4
8.	Agriculture and Nutrition	4
9.	Creative Arts and Sports	5
	Pastoral/Religious Instruction Programme	1*
Total		40+ 1*

#### LEVEL LEARNING OUTCOMES

By the end of Junior School, the learner should be able to:

- 1. Apply literacy, numeracy and logical thinking skills for appropriate self-expression.
- 2. Communicate effectively, verbally and non-verbally, in diverse contexts.
- 3. Demonstrate social skills, spiritual and moral values for peaceful co-existence.
- 4. Explore, manipulate, manage and conserve the environment effectively for learning and sustainable development.
- 5. Practise relevant hygiene, sanitation and nutrition skills to promote health.
- 6. Demonstrate ethical behaviour and exhibit good citizenship as a civic responsibility.
- 7. Appreciate the country's rich and diverse cultural heritage for harmonious coexistence.
- 8. Manage pertinent and contemporary issues in society effectively.
- 9. Apply digital literacy skills for communication and learning.

#### ESSENCE STATEMENT

The Creative Arts and Sports Curriculum is a multidisciplinary learning area encompassing Physical Education and Sports, Visual Arts, and Performing Arts. This curriculum is anchored in Howard Gardner's Multiple Intelligence theory (1983) that recognizes the diverse intelligences of learners by accommodating varied ways of learning through, creating, performing, and analysing. Furthermore, this curriculum is informed by John Dewey's Social Constructivism Theory, which emphasises an immersive and participatory approach to learning that gives learners the freedom to express their ideas, feelings, and skills.

The curriculum is organised into three Strand: Foundations of Creative Arts and Sports, Creating and Performing in Creative Arts and Sports, and Appreciation in Creative Arts and Sports. The curriculum emphasises the development of practical, fine, and gross motor abilities. This concept stimulates critical thinking, lateral thinking, advanced analysis, and problem-solving skills—all of which are beneficial to the learner's overall growth.

A pivotal aspect of this curriculum is the integration of Information and Communication Technology (ICT) into the learning process. Proficiency in digital skills has been aligned with contemporary educational needs. Moreover, elements of entrepreneurship have been embedded in the curriculum to acquaint the learner with potential careers in the creative and sports industry.

The suggested learning experiences are designed to be learner-centred, employing experiential and inquiry-based learning methodologies. This approach aims to actively engage the learner in a learning process that fosters deeper understanding and application of knowledge. This curriculum is aligned to the National Goals of Education in Kenya, providing a comprehensive and structured framework for the progressive development of the learner in the realms of Creative Arts and Sports.

The curriculum further lays a foundation for the acquisition of essential skills, preparing learners for a seamless transition to the Arts and Sports Science pathway at the Senior School level.

#### SUBJECT GENERAL LEARNING OUTCOMES

By the end of Junior School, the learner should be able to:

- 1. Explore individual abilities in Creative Arts and Sports to nurture talent for self-expression and personal development.
- 2. Exhibit positive intrapersonal and interpersonal skills of communication during activities in Creative Arts and Sports.
- 3. Cultivate social values, moral principles in Creative Arts and Sports for peaceful coexistence.
- 4. Manage resources in the physical environment for sustainable development.
- 5. Promote health and wellness through participation in Creative Arts and Sports activities.
- 6. Embrace ethics and etiquette in producing Creative Arts and Sports items to enhance good citizenship
- 7. Participate in Creative Arts and Sports activities to appreciate Kenya's diverse cultures for harmonious coexistence.
- 8. Address Pertinent and Contemporary Issues through Creative Arts and Sports.
- 9. Apply digital skills in learning and production in Creative Arts and Sports.

# SUMMARY OF STRAND AND SUB STRAND

Strands	Sub Strands	Suggested Number of Lessons
1.0 Foundations of Creative Arts and	1.1. Careers in Creative Arts and Sports	8 lessons
Sports	1.2. Components of Creative Arts and Sports	8 lessons
2.0 Creating and Performing in Creative Arts and Sports	2.1 Picture Making	10 lessons
	2.2. Rhythm	10 lessons
	2.3 Athletics and Mosaic	12 lessons
	2.4. Melody	10 lessons
	2.5 Rugby	10 lessons
	2.6 Multimedia	10 lessons
	2.7 Descant Recorder	10 lessons
	2.8 Play	12 lessons

Strands	Sub Strands	Suggested Number of Lessons
	2.9. Basketball and Graphic Design	12 lessons
	2.10 Contemporary Dance	10 lessons
	2.11 Indigenous Kenyan craft	10 lessons
OPTIONAL (Do One)	2.12.1 Swimming (Optional)	10 lessons
Either Swimming Or Kenyan Indigenous Game	2.12.2 Kenyan Indigenous Games (Optional)	10 lessons
3.0 Appreciation in Creative Arts and Sports	3.1 Analysis of Creative Arts and Sports	8 lessons
Total Nu	150 Lessons	

# **NOTE:**

The suggested number of lessons per Sub Strand may be less or more depending on the context.

# 1.0: FOUNDATIONS OF CREATIVE ARTS

Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Suggested Key Inquiry Question(s):
1.0 Foundations of Creative Arts and Sports	1.1. Careers in Creative Arts and Sports (8 lessons)  • photo slide	By the end of the Sub Strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify careers in Creative Arts and Sports, b) create a photo slide showing careers in Creative Arts and Sports, c) outline entrepreneurial opportunities in Creative Arts and Sports, d) appreciate careers in Creative Arts and Sports.	<ul> <li>Research, using digital devices or print material, to identify and discuss careers in Creative Arts and Sports. Learners with postural defects or short stature could be appropriately positioned for comfort and clear view. Screen resolution and light intensity could be regulated for learners who are sensitive to light when using digital devices for research. </li> <li>Interact with actual or virtual Creative Arts spaces (theatre, recording studio, festivals, galleries, fine arts studios, workshops, exhibitions, cultural and sports centres) to observe roles performed by the personnel.</li> <li>Collect virtual photos of professions in Creative Arts and Sports activities. Safety precautions for all the learners should be observed with extra caution </li> </ul>	What are the career opportunities related to Creative Arts and Sports?

	taken for learners with health conditions and those using mobility devices by ensuring that they collect the photos in a safe environment.  Use available digital software to make a photo slide of Creative Arts and Sports activities with emphasis on harmony and unity, by; -image quality -pasting, -resizing and -captioning.  Animate the photo slide while focussing on slide transition effects.  Save in an e-folder and present the photo slide on a digital platform.  Critique own and others' digital photo slide.  Watch videos/recording of entrepreneurial opportunities in creative arts and sports.  Discuss to identify different entrepreneurial opportunities in creative arts and sports. Learners with speech difficulties could use
--	--

	<ul> <li>alternative and augmentative modes of communication when discussing.</li> <li>Acknowledge own and others' talents and areas of career interest in creative arts and Sports.</li> </ul>
--	---

# Core competencies to be developed:

- Communication and collaboration: the learner enhances communication during research and collaborating while discussing careers in Creative Arts and Sports.
- Learning to learn: the learner develops research skills as they search and organise information on careers in Creative Arts and Sports.
- Creativity and Imagination: the learner creates an artistic photo slide showing careers in Creative Arts and Sports
- Digital literacy: the learner develops digital literacy as they create the digital brochure, the e-folder on careers in Creative arts and Sports and presenting on a digital platform.
- Self-efficacy: the learner identifies and utilises own talents in digital literacy while researching and organizing information on careers in Creative Arts and Sports.

#### Values

- Respect: the learner accommodates others opinions as they discuss the different personnel in Creative Arts and Sports in groups.
- Unity: the learner works with others in groups as they search for information on careers and personnel in Creative Arts and Sports.
- Responsibility: the learner uses digital devices appropriately while observing netiquette.

# **Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs)**

- Life Skills education: the learner gains decision making skills as they explore different careers in Creative Arts and Sports, with a view of identifying a career of interest.
- Social cohesion: the learner visits various Creative Arts and Sports spaces to interact with different personnel involved in Performing Arts activities.
- Poverty eradication: the learner gains knowledge on use of money earned by engaging in paid performances, tournaments or Art exhibitions.

## Link to other Learning areas

Pre-Technical Studies: the learner enhances digital skills as they research careers and develops entrepreneurial skills learnt in business studies and they engage in income earning performances.

Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Suggested Key
				Inquiry
				<b>Question(s):</b>
1.0 Foundations	1.2 Components	By the end of the Sub Strand	The learner is guided to:	1. How does
of Creative Arts	of Creative Arts	the learner should be able to:	Watch actual or virtual play	one create
and Sports	and Sports	a) describe the elements of a	performance to identify the	harmony
		play,	elements of a play. Learners	pictorial
	(8 lessons)	b) perform activities	with postural defects or short	composition?
		demonstrating the	stature could be appropriately	2. Why should
	Rhythm: dotted	components of fitness,	positioned for comfort and	athletes
	minim, the	c) name pitches on the grand	clear view. Screen resolution	avoid
	dotted crotchet	stave,	and light intensity could be	performance
	and quaver and	d) group music notes in $\frac{4}{4}$	regulated for learners who are	enhancers to
	their	4	sensitive to light when using	develop

corresponding	time incorporating note	digital devices.	physical
rests,	extension,	• Discuss the basic elements of a	fitness?
Note	e) construct the scale of F	play (theme, characters, plot,	3. Why is note
extension:	major on a staff,	conflict, resolution, setting,	extension
dots and ties	f) describe features of	language). Learners with	important in
Pitch: Grand	contemporary dance,	speech difficulties could use	music
stave	g) appreciate the basic	alternative and augmentative	notation?
• features of a	elements of Creative Arts	modes of communication when	
contemporary	and sports.	discussing.	
dance: -		<ul> <li>Observe actual or virtual</li> </ul>	
storytelling, -		activities of fitness that show	
use of body		power and reaction time in	
in space, -		physical fitness.	
improvisation		• Demonstrate fitness exercises	
-use of styles from other -		that enhance power and	
		reaction time. Safety	
genres, - music, -		precautions for all the learners	
costumes		should be observed with extra	
Costumes		caution taken for learners with	
		health conditions and those	
		using mobility devices by	
		ensuring that they move in safe environment when	
		demonstrating the exercises.	
		<ul> <li>Practise activities that enhance</li> </ul>	
		power and reaction time using	

music.
Draw the grand stave and
name lines and spaces.
Learners with manipulation
difficulties could use
alternative functional parts of
the body or adapted drawing
tools and materials.
Draw the piano keyboard and
relate to the grand stave,
• Construct the scale of f major
on both treble and bass staff.
Learners with manipulation
difficulties could use
alternative functional parts of
the body or use adapted
writing tools and materials.
Write signs for tied and dotted
notes on a staff.
Repeatedly play or sing scales
f major ascending and
descending and their tonic
arpeggios. Learners with
speech difficulties could use
residual speech, hum, mime or
use alternative modes of

communication.
Repeatedly play or sing scales
f major ascending and
descending and their tonic
arpeggios.
Sight read simple melodies in
c, g and f major for aural
recognition of basic elements
of pitch.
Watch actual or virtual
performances of contemporary
dance to describe its features.
Share finding on the features
of contemporary dance.

## Core competencies to be developed:

- Communication and Collaboration: the learner articulates and shares their understanding of various creative arts genres with peers and educators.
- Learning to Learn: the learner engages in independent research to understand the unique aspects of Creative Arts and Sports genres.
- Critical Thinking and Problem Solving: the learner engages in analysis of components and their roles in Creative Arts and Sports.

#### Values

- Unity: the learner strengthens teamwork as they collaboratively research and do presentations on the components of Creative Arts and Sports.
- Citizenship: the learner shares knowledge on contemporary music from different parts of the world.

# **Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs):**

- Mental Health: learners participate in Creative Arts and Sports performances for fun and enjoyment to promote mental health and wellbeing.
- Identifying and nurturing of gifts and talents: the learner identifies different components of Creative Arts and Sports.

# Link to other learning areas:

Mathematics: as the learner interacts with mathematical patterns to create rhythm in music.

**Assessment Rubric for Foundations of Creative Arts and Sports** 

Level	<b>Exceeds Expectations</b>	Meets Expectations	<b>Approaches Expectations</b>	<b>Below Expectations</b>
Indicator	-	_		_
Ability to identify	Identifies careers in	Identifies careers in	Identifies careers in	Identifies very few
careers in Creative	Creative Arts and	Creative Arts and	Creative Arts and Sports in	careers in Creative
Arts and Sports	Sports with details in	Sports in all of the 5	2-3 areas.	Arts and Sports in less
(Visual Arts, Physical	all the 5 areas	areas.		than 2 areas.
Education and Sports,				
Music and Theatre)				
Ability to describe	Describes 9	Describes 9	Describes 5-8 components	Describes 4 or less
components of	components of Creative	components of	of Creative Arts and Sports	components of
Creative Arts and	Arts and Sports clearly	Creative Arts and	clearly.	Creative Arts and
Sports	and with examples.	Sports clearly.		Sports.
basic elements of				
play;( theme,				
characters, plot,				
conflict, resolution,				
setting, language),				
features of				
contemporary dance				

(story, use of body in space, technique, music, costumes, choreography)				
Ability to execute components of Creative Arts and	Ability to execute 10 components of Creative Arts and Sports in	Ability to execute 10 components of Creative Arts and	Ability to execute 5-9 components of Creative Arts and Sports.	Ability to execute less than 5 components of Creative Arts and
Sports	detail.	Sports.		Sports.
Components of				
fitness (power and				
reaction time),				
elements of music				
(pitch, rhythm,				
dynamics, form and				
texture)				

# 2.0: CREATING AND PERFORMING IN CREATIVE ARTS AND SPORTS

Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Suggested Key Inquiry Question(s):
2.0 Creating and Performing	2.1 Picture Making  (10 lesson)  • Drawing  • Painting focusing on; colour harmony, colour mood(cool/wa rm), texture of forms(dabbin g)	By the end of the Sub Strand, the learner should be able to:  a) discuss texture, colour and unity as elements and principle of Visual Art,  b) classify analogous colours on a colour wheel for painting,  c) draw a scenery composition for expression of elements and principles of Visual Arts  d) paint the scenery composition for expression of elements and principles of Visual Arts  e) appreciate the use of elements and principles of Visual Arts in Picture Making,	Explore virtual and actual sample pictures to analyse elements and principle of	<ol> <li>Why is colour classification important in painting?</li> <li>How does the colour affect the mood?</li> </ol>

Learners with
manipulation difficulties
could use alternative
functional parts of the
body or use assistive
technology, adapted
painting tools and
materials.
Paint line strip using a pair
of analogous colours to
study colour harmony.
Research to sketch a
composition inspired by
the surrounding; a sea
scape or landscape.
Create a composition
focusing on harmony.
Learners with
manipulation difficulties
could use alternative
functional parts of the
body or use assistive
technology, adapted
painting tools and
materials.

	<ul> <li>Paint a thin wash using brush stroke technique to create background.</li> <li>Paint the composition using analogous colours.</li> </ul>
	Display in a portfolio for
	critique.

## **Core Competencies to be developed:**

- Communication and Collaboration: The learner engages in effective communication by describing and discussing the elements and principles of Visual Art present in sample pictures, fostering collaboration in the interpretation and understanding of artistic concepts.
- Critical Thinking and Problem Solving: The learner applies critical thinking to analyze and describe the elements and principles of Visual Art in sample pictures, as well as solve problems related to the use of colour properties in painting.
- Creativity and Imagination: The learner exercises creativity and imagination in drawing and painting a scenery composition, expressing the elements and principles of Visual Arts in a unique and personal manner.
- Learning to Learn: The learner actively seeks and absorbs knowledge about the elements and principles of Visual Art and colour properties, demonstrating a commitment to continuous learning and skill development in picture making.

#### Values:

- Integrity: The learner upholds integrity by honestly representing and describing the elements and principles of Visual Art in sample pictures and their own creations.
- Responsibility: The learner takes responsibility for their artistic choices and expressions, demonstrating accountability in the process of drawing, painting, and understanding colour properties.
- Respect: The learner respects the significance of Visual Arts by valuing the elements and principles as essential components of artistic expression and recognizing the diverse interpretations of art.

Unity: The learner contributes to a sense of unity by appreciating the universal language of Visual Arts, connecting with others through shared understanding and appreciation of artistic concepts.

## **Pertinent and Contemporary Issues PCIs:**

- Cultural Diversity: The learner engages with the pertinent issue of cultural diversity by appreciating how Visual Arts can express and celebrate the richness of different cultural traditions in the drawn and painted compositions.
- Representation and Inclusion: The learner may explore how Visual Arts can address contemporary issues related to representation and inclusion, using their creations to convey diverse perspectives.

## Link to other Learning areas:

- English: The learner enhances their English language skills by articulating and describing elements and principles of Visual Arts, developing the ability to convey artistic concepts effectively.
- Social Studies: The learner connects with social studies by exploring the cultural and historical significance of Visual Arts in different societies, understanding the role of art in shaping human experiences.
- Integrated Science: The learner may explore the scientific principles behind colour properties, linking Visual Arts to integrated science and understanding the physics of colour.
- Pre-Technical Studies: The learner gains practical skills in pre-technical studies by preparing materials and tools for drawing and painting, laying the foundation for hands-on technical proficiency in Visual Arts.

Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Suggested Key Inquiry Question(s):
2.0 Creating and Performing	2.2 Rhythm (10 lessons)  Note values: dotted minim, the dotted crotchet and quaver and their corresponding rests,	By the end of the Sub Strand, the learner should be able to: a) describe the effect of note extension on rhythmic patterns, b) compose a fourbar rhythmic patterns in 4 time, c) notate four-bar rhythms in 4 time, d) create rhythmic patterns in 4 time for synchronised movements in basketball routines, e) appreciate rhythmic patterns as a means of creating interest in Creative Arts and Sports.	<ul> <li>Listen to, sing or play tunes involving dotted notes to outline effects of note extension in rhythmic patterns. Learners with speech difficulties could use residual speech, hum, mime or use alternative modes of communication.</li> <li>Beat time to familiar tunes in 4 time considering the crochet as principle beat, accented and weak beats. Learners with manipulation difficulties could use alternative functional parts of the body or use assistive technology when demonstrating using the model</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>How are various note combinations used to form rhythms in simple time?</li> <li>How does one improvise accompanimen t patterns for Sports?</li> </ol>

	• Group notes of given two-bar rhythmic patterns involving
	dotted notes in $\frac{4}{4}$ time.
	Orally compose 4-bar rhythmic patterns involving dotted notes
	and their corresponding rests,
	in $\frac{4}{4}$ time and write on
	monotone.
	Write rhythmic patterns from
	dictation. Learners with
	manipulation difficulties could
	use alternative functional parts
	of the body or use adapted
	writing tools and materials
	when writing rhythms.
	Sight read two-bar rhythms
	involving dotted notes in $\frac{4}{4}$
	time using french rhythm
	names.
	Play two-part and imitative
	rhythmic patterns in $\frac{4}{4}$ time,
	4

T	
	using body percussion and percussion instruments.  Improvise rhythmic patterns to given tunes with rhythms involving dotted notes in 4 time.  Perform rhythmic patterns in 4 time for synchronised movements in basketball routines. Safety precautions for all the learners should be observed with extra caution taken for learners with health conditions and those using mobility devices by ensuring that they move in safe
	taken for learners with health conditions and those using
	that they move in safe environment when performing the rhythms.
	Make a portfolio of all rhythmic patterns explored,
	Appreciate rhythmic patterns as a means of creating interest in creative arts and sports.

## **Core Competencies to be developed:**

- Communication and Collaboration: The learner, through effective communication, articulates and discusses the effect of note extension in rhythmic patterns, with peers.
- Learning to Learn: The learner actively seeks to understand and apply notation conventions to represent rhythm in music.
- Critical Thinking and Problem Solving: The learner creatively solves problems related to achieving the desired solutions on rhythmic structure in creating rhythmic patterns,
- Creativity and Imagination: The learner embraces creativity by exploring innovative factors such as unconventional instruments, unique combinations of beats, or experimental rhythmic elements as they create rhythmic patterns.

#### Values:

- Peace: the learner while engaging in the creative process of composing a rhythm fosters a peaceful state of mind, allowing free and peaceful expression through music.
- Unity: the learner in collaborating with others on rhythm composition projects creates a harmonious atmosphere.
- Responsibility: the learner takes responsibility for their part in the ensemble while playing in unison or in two-part music, ensuring a coordinated and responsible musical performance.
- Social Justice: the learner in creating, improvising and notating rhythms with diverse influences notation and interaction with games- contributes to social justice by acknowledging and celebrating cultural diversity in music.

### **Pertinent and Contemporary Issues PCIs:**

- Ethnic and racial relations: the learner is acquainted with world music by learning notation and music interpretation.
- Health education: the learner gets insight into personal hygiene by cleaning and maintaining the instruments for use in playing rhythmic patterns.

# Link to other Learning areas

• Mathematics: is involved in understanding the mathematical aspects of rhythm, such as beats per minute, time signatures, and mathematical relationships between dotted rhythmic elements.

• Integrated Science: Understanding the science of sound helps learners accurately notate rhythms, considering the physical properties of sound.

Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Suggested Key Inquiry Question(s):
2.0 Creating and Performing	2.3 Athletics and Mosaic  (12 lessons)  Triple Jump Long distance running Mosaic	By the end of the Sub Strand, the learner should be able to; a) describe the phases in Triple jump, b) perform Triple jump for skill acquisition, c) perform skills for long distance running, d) explore characteristics of mosaic, e) create a mosaic pictorial composition inspired by an athletic event, f) acknowledge own and others' efforts in performing Triple jump, skills in long distance races and pictorial composition.	<ul> <li>Observe a live or virtual performance of Triple jump to identify the phases. Learners with postural defects or short stature could be appropriately positioned for comfort and clear view. Screen resolution and light intensity could be regulated for learners who are sensitive to light when using digital devices.</li> <li>Demonstrate the approach, take off, flight and landing phases in Triple jump. Safety precautions for all the learners should be observed with extra caution taken for learners with</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>How has long distance running benefitted Kenya?</li> <li>Why is it important to follow the phases of jumping in triple jump?</li> <li>How can mosaic pictorial composition be used to improve the environment?</li> </ol>

health conditions and those
using mobility devices by
ensuring that they move in safe
environment when
demonstrating the skills.
Practise triple jump skills in
athletics.
Practise technique used in long
distance running while
observing safety.
Observe each other's
performance in Triple jump
and long distance running
skills and give feedback.
Learners with speech
difficulties could use
alternative and augmentative
modes of communication when
giving feedback.
Source for actual and virtual
samples of mosaic work to
analyse characteristics with
focus on; mono media, spacing
of materials.

- Learning to Learn: the learner gains knowledge performing triple jump and long distance running skills and gives feedback to enhance confidence.
- Self-efficacy: the learner shows confidence in taking up new challenges and belief in performing new skills in athletics.
- Critical thinking and problem solving: learners make decisions and decide on the skill to apply at a particular phase while running long distance.
- Creativity and imagination: the learner creates an artistic themed mosaic composition for describing the long distance races.
- Citizenship: the learner searches and makes a mosaic of Kenyan long distance athletes.

#### Values:

- Love: the learner shows love for the country as they identify and appreciate a Kenyan athlete and make a mosaic composition.
- Responsibility: the learner cares for self and others, as they participate in skills for long distance running and triple jump while observing safety.

# Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs):

- Social Cohesion- the learner engages in various creative arts and sports activities, appreciating the diverse cultures and values from different communities to enhance social cohesion.
- Citizenship: learner appreciates Kenyan athletes as they create mosaic compositions of their favourite Kenyan athletes.

#### Link to other learning areas

- English: language skills are applied when learners discuss different techniques in long-distance races, enhancing their ability to express ideas clearly.
- Mathematics: Analysing the pacing, speed, and strategies involved in long-distance races incorporates mathematical concepts into the learning process.
- Pre-Technical Studies: the learner interacts with digital devices when searching Kenyan athletes.

Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Suggested Key Inquiry Question(s):
2.0 Creating and Performing	2.4 Melody  (10 lessons)  • Variations: - rhythmic, melodic, and dynamic variations  • Note value involving the dotted minim, the dotted crotchet and quaver, the dotted quaver and semiquaver	By the end of the Sub Strand, the learner should be able to: a) describe the use of variation in composing melody, b) compose four-bar melodies in F Major and 4 time, c) notate four-bar, melodies in 4 time, d) perform melodies in F major and 4 time, e) value the use of melody in Creative Arts and Sports.	<ul> <li>Sing familiar tunes and discuss how variation has been achieved in the different phrases of the melody. Learners with speech difficulties could use residual speech, hum, mime or use alternative modes of communication when singing and discussing familiar tunes.</li> <li>Perform the scale of f major and its tonic arpeggio. Learners with manipulation difficulties could use alternative functional parts of the body or use assistive technology when performing the scale of f major.</li> <li>Write a 2-bar answering phrase f major which is a variation of the given opening phrase in 4 time. Learners with manipulation</li> </ul>	How can a melody be made interesting?

difficulties could use alternative functional parts of the body or use adapted writing tools and materials,  • Improvise 2-bar opening phrases with variation in pitches to given answering phrases in 4/4 time and f major.  • Create a four-bar melody in f major and in 4/4 with varied phrases. Learners with manipulation difficulties could use alternative functional parts of the body or use adapted writing tools and materials to create melodies.  • Add phrase marks to the fourbar composed melodies indicating dynamics as loud for one phrase and soft for the
other.  • Sight read the melodies composed by self and others.

- Creativity and Imagination: The learner explores innovative techniques to create variation in melodies. .
- Learning to Learn: The learner applies knowledge gained from earlier grades on the process of melody composition.
- Communication and Collaboration: The learner communicates with peers as they discuss how variation has been achieved in the different phrases of the melody,

#### Values:

- Unity: The learner collaborates with others in discussions about variation techniques in melody writing.
- Responsibility: The learner ensures accuracy and clarity in representing melodies, taking responsibility for conveying musical ideas effectively.
- Integrity: The learner strives to be true to their artistic vision, avoiding plagiarism and embracing originality in the creation of melodies.

## Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs):

Moral Education: The learner sings familiar songs with messages on values as they discuss how variation has been achieved in the different phrases of the melody,

# Link to other learning areas:

- Mathematics: The learner is involved in understanding the mathematical aspects of rhythm, such as beats per bar, time signatures, and mathematical relationships between different melodic elements.
- Integrated Science: The learner accurately notates melodies, considering the physical properties of sound.

Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Suggested Key Inquiry Question(s):
2.0 Creating and Performing	2.5 Rugby (10 lessons)  • Passes • Kicks	By the end of the Sub Strand, the learners should be able to: a) distinguish passes in Rugby, b) perform passing skills in Rugby for skill acquisition, c) perform kick techniques in Rugby for skill acquisition, d) value own and others efforts in applying passing and kicking skills for enjoyment	<ul> <li>Watch a live, or virtual Rugby game to identify passes (spin, pop and basic), and kicks (place and drop). Learners with postural defects or short stature could be appropriately positioned for comfort and clear view. Screen resolution and light intensity could be regulated for learners who are sensitive to light.</li> <li>Demonstrate passing skills in Rugby. Safety precautions for all the learners should be observed with extra caution taken for learners with health conditions and those using mobility devices by ensuring that they move in safe environment when demonstrating the skills.</li> </ul>	How is a ball advanced in a game of Rugby?

• D R • Pr ki • U ki	Practise the passes in Rugby. Demonstrate kicking skills in Rugby. Practise the drop and place kick techniques in rugby. Use the skills of passing and kicking to play a modified game in Rugby while observing safety.
-------------------------------------	---

- Communication and Collaboration: The learner communicates effectively by understanding and articulating the various types of passes in Rugby.
- Digital Literacy: the learner interacts with digital devices to observe virtual performances in Rugby, to enhance digital citizenship and appropriate use of technology.
- Creativity and Imagination: the learner devises creative ways of advancing the ball with passes to outsmart the opponents during play and creatively model a dummy clay trophy.

#### Values:

- Integrity: The learner upholds a high standard of integrity by respecting the rules of the game and engaging in skill acquisition with honesty and transparency.
- Unity: The learner actively collaborates with teammates, emphasising unity in executing passing drills to achieve collective skill acquisition.
- Responsibility: as the learner adheres to safety guidelines and actively seeks opportunities to improve kicking skills.

## **Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs):**

- Health promotion issues- the learner enhances health and wellbeing while engaging in Rugby games to reduce the chances of lifestyle diseases.
- Life skills the learner develops the skill of coping with emotion when they play a modified Rugby game safely.

## Link to other learning areas:

- Integrated Science: Exploring the science behind different kicking techniques incorporates principles of force, motion, and anatomy.
- English: language skills are utilised when learners communicate and distinguish types of passes in Rugby, enhancing their ability to express ideas clearly.

Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Suggested Key Inquiry Question(s):
2.0 Creating and Performing	2.6 Multi Media Art (10 lessons) • Photograph y	By the end of the Sub Strand, the learners should be able to: a) identify different viewpoint in photography, b) take photographs of scenery in normal eye and bird's eye view, c) edit the photographs for presentation	The learner is guided to:  Observe virtual and actual samples of photographs to analyse the bird's, normal and worm's viewpoints. Learners with postural defects or short stature could be appropriately positioned for comfort and clear view. Screen resolution and light intensity could be	1. How is a photograph taken in a birds eye view? 2. Why is it necessary to edit photograph?

d) present photographs in slide show for appreciation,	regulated for learners who are sensitive to light.  Explore to identify scenic point in the surrounding. Safety precautions for all the learners should be observed with extra caution taken for learners with health conditions and those using mobility devices by ensuring that they move in safe environment when identifying scenic points.  Take photographs inspired by the environment focusing on; varied scene and viewpoints.  Learners with manipulation difficulties could use alternative functional parts of the body or use assistive technology when taking photographs.  Select and store the photographs in an a folder.
	photographs.

	<ul> <li>Prepare a 3 -4 minutes' slide show focusing on; arrangement of photographs, caption, transition, and sound.</li> <li>Talk about own and others in a just manner. Learners with speech difficulties could use alternative and augmentative modes of communication when talking about own and others' photography.</li> </ul>
--	--

- Communication and Collaboration: Effectively conveying ideas and narratives through visual storytelling in the form of a slide show presentation,
- Critical Thinking: learner evaluating and selecting the most compelling images, considering different viewpoints and perspectives, and making informed decisions during the editing process.

#### Values:

Respect: learner Respecting the skills and perspectives of others in the field of photography.

## Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs):

- Ethical Considerations: Addressing contemporary issues related to ethical photography practices, including issues of consent, privacy, and cultural sensitivity, especially when capturing different viewpoints.
- Environmental Awareness: Considering and reflecting on the impact of photography on the environment, especially when photographing landscapes and natural scenes.

Link to other learning areas:
Social Studies: Understanding the geographical and environmental aspects of different viewpoints in landscape photography.

Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Suggested Key Inquiry Question(s):
2.0 Creating and Performing	2.7 Descant Recorder  (10 lessons)  • Technique of pinching  • Dynamics crescendo and diminuendo,	By the end of the Sub Strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify the fingering of notes in the scale of F major, b) play the scale of F major from staff notation on a descant recorder, c) perform a solo piece in F major on a descant recorder, applying correct playing techniques, d) value playing music on the descant recorder.	<ul> <li>Read, and interpret fingering charts to play the notes of F major scale. Learners with speech difficulties could use alternative and augmentative modes of communication when interpreting charts.</li> <li>Play the scale of F Major ascending and descending on staff notation. Learners with manipulation difficulties could use alternative functional parts of the body or use assistive technology when playing the scale of F major.</li> </ul>	What is the importance of applying technique when playing instrumental music?

	<ul> <li>Play simple melodies in the scale of F major on staff notation,</li> <li>Watch actual or virtual instrumental tutorials to demonstrate and explain techniques of pinching on a descant recorder. Learners with postural defects or short stature could be appropriately positioned for comfort and clear view. Screen resolution and light intensity could be regulated for learners who are sensitive to light when watching virtual instruments tutorial.</li> <li>Explore actual or virtual demonstrations of playing techniques of descant recorder to explain performance directions for dynamics crescendo and diminuendo.</li> </ul>
--	--

	<ul> <li>Play simple melodies in 4/4 Time, and in F major observing performance directions for dynamics.</li> <li>Use digital devices to record performances for future reference.</li> </ul>
--	---

- Self-Efficacy The learner confidently reads and interprets fingering charts as they play the notes of F major scale.
- Creativity and Imagination: The learner plays simple melodies in <sup>4</sup><sub>4</sub>time, and in F major observing performance directions for dynamics,

#### Values:

- Responsibility: The learner acquires self-discipline as they use digital devices to record performances for future reference
- Social justice: The learner and peers share roles fairly in executing musical duties towards playing the descant recorder.

#### **Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs):**

- Safety and security; learners observe safety as they clean and play instruments,
- Poverty eradication; learners learn different ways in which creative arts and sports can help with income generation.
- Self-awareness: learners are able to identify skills they are good at and connect them with their talents in instrumental playing.

### Link to other Learning areas:

• Integrated Science: Understanding the science of sound production enhances the learner's comprehension of playing techniques, especially regarding the impact on the quality of sound.

• Pre-technical and Business Studies: the learner acquires concepts and procedures for understanding technical aspects in assembling, playing, caring for and maintaining the Descant Recorder they play.

Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Suggested Key Inquiry Question(s):
2.0 Creating and Performing	<ul> <li>2.8 Play</li> <li>(12 lessons)</li> <li>Writing a play</li> <li>Performing a play</li> </ul>	By the end of the Sub Strand, the learner should be able to: a) describe the format of a play script, b) create a one act play addressing a societal issue, c) act a role in a play performance, d) recognise play performance as a channel of addressing societal issues.	<ul> <li>Read a sample play to identify the format of a script (title, playwright, characters, acts, scenes, setting, stage directions and dialogue).         Learners with speech difficulties could use alternative and augmentative modes of communication when reading sample play.</li> <li>Brainstorm, in groups, an idea for a short play.</li> <li>Create a short play script using the play elements (theme, characters, plot, setting, conflict, language).</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>How can a play performance be made believable to an audience?</li> <li>Why is it important to decorate props to be used for performance?</li> </ol>

Learners with manipulation
difficulties could use
alternative functional parts of
the body or use assistive
technology to create a short
play.
• Select relevant prop(s),
costumes and music for the
play performance.
Perform vocal and physical
warm up activities in
preparation for play
performance. Learners with
postural difficulties could use
alternative functional parts of
the body, perform an
alternative corresponding
activity, or perform at their
level of functional ability.
Safety of all learners should
be observed and extra caution
taken for learners with chronic
health conditions.
Rehearse a role in the play
(paying attention to use of
voice, body, movement,
<u> </u>

		space, use of props, music, and costume).  • Perform a role in a play performance before an audience.  • Record experiences onto a journal.	
--	--	---	--

- Communication: the learner speaks clearly during class discussions and when acting in a play.
- Collaboration: the learner participates in group activities when creating and performing in a play and when decorating fabric using collage technique.
- Creativity and Imagination: the learner sharpens observation skills of the environment to note challenges in society and to experiment with new ideas for addressing these challenges using play performance. The learner applies inventive and artistic skills when decorating fabric using collage technique.
- Critical thinking and problem solving: the learner develops problem identification skills and conflict resolution mechanisms when creating and performing a play.
- Self-efficacy: the learner develops task management and execution skills in the course of rehearsing and performing a play and when decorating fabric using collage technique.
- Citizenship: the learner develops a sense of civic mindedness and social awareness in creating and performing plays which address societal concerns.
- Digital literacy: the learner interacts with digital devices when selecting and using music for the play performance.

#### Values:

• Responsibility: the learner develops skills of self-drive, accountability and determination while decorating fabric, creating and performing a play.

- Social Justice: the learner fosters fairness and justice while working in groups and through creation of fictional works.
- Peace: the learner works in harmony with others during fabric decoration, rehearsal and performance sessions.
- Integrity: the learner is equipped with the value of honesty through the creation of own original works devoid of plagiarism.
- Unity: the learner develops works in pairs and groups when decorating fabric and producing a play.

## Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs):

- Learner support programmes: the learner identifies and natures talent in acting or any other role in play performance.
- Life skills education: the learner gains self-esteem and assertiveness while decorating fabric and while performing on stage.
- Citizenship Education: the learner uses the play performance space to create awareness about societal issues.

#### Link to other Learning areas:

- English and Kiswahili: the learner takes part in class discussions using these languages as media for communication.
- Pre-technical Studies: the learner uses computer literacy skills to manipulate digital gadgets in play creation and performance.
- Religious Studies: the learner performs plays which advocate for social and moral values in society.

Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Suggested Key Inquiry Question(s):
2.0 Creating and Performing	2.9 Basketball and Graphic Design (12 lessons)	By the end of the Sub Strand, the learner should be able to: a) perform passes in basketball for skill acquisition,	The learner is guided to:  • Watch a live or virtual Basketball game and identify the passing and dribbling skills in Basketball. Learners with postural defects or short stature	1. How can a poster be made an effective means of communicating?

<ul> <li>Logo and poster design</li> <li>Passing</li> <li>Dribbling</li> </ul>	b) execute dribbling in basketball for skill acquisition, c) design logo for a basketball team, d) make a poster for a basketball event, e) appreciate each other's skills in Basketball game, logos and posters design.	could be appropriately positioned for comfort and clear view. Screen resolution and light intensity could be regulated for learners who are sensitive to light when watching a virtual basketball game.  • Demonstrate the overhead, bounce and chest passes in Basketball. Learners with postural difficulties could use alternative functional parts of the body, perform an alternative corresponding activity, or perform at their level of functional ability. Safety of all learners should be observed and extra caution taken for learners with chronic health conditions.  • Demonstrate high and low dribbling in Basketball.  • Practise passing and dribbling skills while observing safety.	2. Why is it important to combine passing and dribbling in Basketball?
--	--	--	--

Research to examine actual or
virtual samples of logo and a
poster.
<ul> <li>Design a logo for a basketball</li> </ul>
team, name/letter combination.
Learners with manipulation
difficulties could use
alternative functional parts of
the body or use assistive
technology when designing a
logo.
• Apply the skills learnt in
basketball in a mini basketball
game in teams displaying the
team logos. Learners with
postural difficulties could use
alternative functional parts of
the body, perform an
alternative corresponding
activity, or perform at their
level of functional ability.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Safety of all learners should be observed and extra caution
taken for learners with chronic
health conditions when playing
a mini basketball game.

	<ul> <li>Design a poster announcing a basketball event (layout, colour, message and image).</li> <li>Display the logo and posters around the basketball pitch for appreciation.</li> </ul>
--	--

## **Core Competencies**

- Critical Thinking and Problem Solving: the learner assesses defensive strategies, anticipates opponents' moves, and adapts their dribbling techniques accordingly, showcasing critical thinking skills.
- Creativity and Imagination: the learner creates a team identification logo and design a poster announcing a basketball event
- Communication: the learner communicates when practising different basketball passes.
- Collaboration: the learner shares ideas on the different basketball passes, as they cheer their teams.

#### Values

- Unity: the learner values the contributions of each team member, recognizing that unity enhances overall team performance.
- Integrity: the learner exhibits integrity by following the rules and ethical guidelines of the game. They prioritise fair play and honesty during skill acquisition, ensuring that their progress aligns with principles of integrity.
- Responsibility: the learner ensures all tools and equipment used are stored well, and organises the class, room or field after making the dummy trophy..

## **Pertinent and Contemporary Issues PCIS:**

- Health promotion issues: as the learner gains physical fitness through games for prevention of lifestyle diseases
- Safety and Security: as learners observe safety measures during mini games and handling sharp tools while trimming and fixing the placards.

## Link to other learning areas

- Agriculture and nutrition: Exploring colour combinations, natural dyes and their sources and understanding the properties of different fabrics during tie-dye connects to Home Science and Agriculture principles.
- Mathematics: Dribbling involves quick calculations of distances and angles. The learner applies mathematical concepts to determine the most efficient paths and angles during dribbling, reinforcing practical mathematical application.

Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Suggested Key Inquiry Question(s):
2.0 Creating and Performing	2.10 Contemporary Dance  (10 lessons)  • Performance technique: - controlled leg work, -floor work, - improvisation, -fall and recovery -movement and release,	By the end of the Sub Strand, the learner should be able to: a) describe performing techniques used in contemporary dance, b) create a 3-5-minute contemporary dance routine, c) perform a 3-5-minute contemporary dance routine to an audience, d) appreciate the use of contemporary dance as a means for self-expression.	The learner is guided to:  • Watch real or virtual contemporary dance performances to discuss performance techniques. Learners with postural defects or short stature could be appropriately positioned for comfort and clear view. Screen resolution and light intensity could be regulated for learners who are sensitive to light when watching virtual dance.	How can contemporary dance be made interesting?

could use alternative functional parts of the body, perform an alternative corresponding
--

activity, or perform at their
level of functional ability.
Safety of all learners
should be observed and
extra caution taken for
learners with chronic health
conditions when executing
warm up.
Select suitable
contemporary dance
techniques and styles (even
from other genres such as African styles, jazz,
modern, ballet) for the
routine.
Block dance movements
and patterns for effective
use of time, space, action
and energy.
Select and use appropriate
music (for example
recorded music, songs,
beatboxing, body
percussion) for the dance routine.
routine.

	<ul> <li>Select and use appropriate costumes, props and makeup for the routine.</li> <li>Use the decorated costume in a performance, where applicable.</li> <li>Rehearse the dance routine.</li> <li>Perform a contemporary dance, in a troupe, to tell a story to an audience.</li> </ul>
--	--

- Self-efficacy: the learner boosts self-esteem, self-expression and mastery of concepts in dance creation.
- Digital literacy: the learner gains skills on the use of technological devices to create different visual and audio materials using appropriate ICT tools for dance creation.
- Communication: the learner fluently communicates research findings and listens to narratives on pertinent issues in the society that can be addressed using contemporary dance.
- Collaboration: the learner presents research findings, rehearses and performs the dance routine as a troupe.
- Creativity and imagination: the learner applies artistic and innovative abilities to decorate a costume using batik technique.

#### Values:

- Respect: the learner gains respect for others' opinions while creating and sharing on dance creation.
- Responsibility: the learner acquires self-discipline as when creating contemporary dance within the timeline given.
- Social justice: the learner gains appreciation for modern and contemporary dance styles from diverse cultures and historical periods.

#### **Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs):**

- Social Cohesion: the learner appreciates diversity by creating dances on national themes.
- Ethnic and racial relations: the learner is acquainted with diverse dance techniques in various ethnic and racial cultures that enables them nurture respect for varied cultures of the world.
- Health education: the learner gets insight into various thematic health concerns like, HIV/AIDS, alcohol and substance abuse, lifestyle diseases, personal hygiene, among others as they sketch storylines for contemporary dance performance.

#### Link to other Learning areas

- Social Studies: the learner gains interest and develops interest in issues in the society like good governance, child rights, human rights and responsibilities that relate to the subject.
- Pre-technical Studies: the learner uses ICT devices to research from the internet and watch contemporary dance performances.
- English or Kiswahili: the learner applies writing skills in scripting the dance story.

Strand	Sub Strand	<b>Specific Learning Outcomes</b>	Suggested Learning Experiences	Suggested Key Inquiry Question(s):
2.0 Creating and Performing	2.11 Indigenous Kenyan Crafts (10 lessons)	By the end of the Sub Strand, the learner should be able to: a) describe coil techniques in pottery, b) model a vessel using coil method,	The learner is guided to:  • Study pottery items from actual and virtual sources and analyse coil technique. Learners with postural defects or short stature could be appropriately positioned for comfort and	<ol> <li>Why is clay the preferred material for pottery?</li> <li>How is a fabric woven?</li> </ol>

• pottery • weaving	c) make a frame loom for weaving, d) make a fabric using 2/1 twill weaving technique, e) display and critique own and others' woven articles.	clear view. Screen resolution and light intensity could be regulated for learners who are sensitive to light.  • Source clay and prepare clay by removing impurities, drying, kneading and wedging. Safety precautions for all the learners should be observed with extra caution taken for learners with health conditions and those using mobility devices by ensuring that they source clay in a safe environment.  • Make coils of uniform thickness. Learners with manipulation difficulties could use alternative functional parts of the body or use assistive technology when making coils.  • Join clay coils to form a vessel.  • Smoothen the inside and outside of the vessel.	

<ul> <li>Decorate the slightly dry vessel by incising, dry under shade.</li> <li>Collaboratively fire the completely dry vessel using an open pit kiln.</li> <li>Explore actual and virtual resources to study making a frame loom and 2/1 twill weaves.</li> <li>Collaboratively, make a wooden mitre joint frame loom, (equal spacing of nails).</li> <li>Secure the warps on the loom and interlace the wefts using</li> </ul>
2/1 twill techniques to weave a fabric.  • Display and talk about own and peers' articles.

- Creativity and Imagination: learner makes a fabric using 2/1 twill weaving technique,
- Communication and collaboration: learner collaboratively fires the bone dry vessel using an open pit kiln.
- Self-efficacy: learner displays and talk about own and peers' articles.

#### Values:

- Respect: the learner gains respect for others' opinions while creating and sharing on own and peers' articles.
- Responsibility: the learner acquires self-discipline as when making a wooden mitre joint frame loom.
- Patriotism: the learner gains appreciation for Indigenous Kenyan Crafts through pottery items from actual and virtual sources and coil technique periods.

## **Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs):**

- Hygiene and safety: the learner fire the bone dry vessel using an open pit kiln.
- Environmental conservation: the learner sources clay and prepares clay.

## Link to other Learning areas

Agriculture and nutrition: learner sources clay thus understanding types of soils.

#### **OPTIONAL SUB STRANDS**

The learner **MUST** cover at least **ONE** of these areas:

- 1. Swimming
- 2. Kenyan Indigenous Games

Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	<b>Suggested Learning Experiences</b>	Suggested Key Inquiry Question(s):
2.0 Creating and Performing	2.12.1 Swimming (10 lessons)	By the end of the Sub Strand, the learner should be able to: a) describe the body position in standing dive	The learner is guided to:  • Watch a live or virtual demonstration to identify: Standing dive and butterfly	1. How can swimming skills be performed safely?

(Optional)  • Standing dive  • Butterfly stroke	and butterfly stroke in swimming, b) perform a standing dive in swimming c) perform butterfly stroke in swimming for skill acquisition, d) appreciate swimming as a life skill.	stroke. Learners with postural defects or short stature could be appropriately positioned for comfort and clear view. Screen resolution and light intensity could be regulated for learners who are sensitive to light.  • Demonstrate the phases of standing dive. Learners with postural difficulties could use alternative functional parts of the body, perform an alternative corresponding activity, or perform at their level of functional ability. Safety of all learners should be observed and extra caution taken for learners with chronic health conditions when demonstrating phases of dive.  • Practise standing dive while observing safety.  • Demonstrate the phases of butterfly stroke.
---	---	---

	<ul> <li>Practise the butterfly stroke while observing safety and coordination</li> <li>Practise combination of standing dive and butterfly stroke.</li> </ul>
--	--

- Self-efficacy- Developing confidence through mastery and performing skills in swimming.
- Learn to learn- exposing learners to research and inquiry in swimming skills.
- Communication and collaboration; learners work in groups to practise different skills swimming.

#### Values:

- Unity-working in teams as they play during swimming.
- Responsibility-Handling the swimming equipment with care keeping them well after use.
- Respect; taking turns to demonstrate skills in swimming.

## **Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs):**

- Lifestyle diseases: physical fitness is attained during swimming
- Safety and security; wearing suitable swimming clothing and ensuring that the pool area is safe.
- Self-awareness: learners are able to identify suitable skills and apply them in swimming.

## Link to other learning areas:

- Agriculture and Nutrition: use of water for swimming and learning survival skills during swimming activities raises awareness of water conservation, connecting the learning outcomes to agricultural concepts related to resource management.
- English and Kiswahili: the learner enhances language skills as they describe body positions in swimming in both English and Kiswahili.

Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Suggested Key Inquiry Question(s)
2.0 Creating and Performing	2.12.2 Kenyan indigenous games  Board games (Optional)  (10 lessons)	By the end of the Sub Strand, the learner should be able to:  a) identify types of indigenous board games played in Kenya,  b) perform different indigenous board games for skill acquisition  c) perform indigenous board games to background music for enjoyment  d) appreciate the role played by indigenous board games for mental health	<ul> <li>The learner is guided to:</li> <li>Watch a virtual or live demonstration of indigenous board games and identify the skills observed in the games. Learners with postural defects or short stature could be appropriately positioned for comfort and clear view. Screen resolution and light intensity could be regulated for learners who are sensitive to light when watching a virtual demonstration of board games.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>How does indigenous board games enhance mental relaxation?</li> <li>Why board games are considered an indigenous game?</li> </ol>

	<ul> <li>Demonstrate indigenous board game skills while observing safety. Learners with postural difficulties could use alternative functional parts of the body, perform an alternative corresponding activity, or perform at their level of functional ability. Safety of all learners should be observed and extra caution taken for learners with chronic health conditions when demonstrating board games.</li> <li>Practice skills in different indigenous board games while observing safety.</li> <li>Play games using different indigenous board games with background musical rhythm.</li> </ul>
--	--

- Communication and Collaboration: the learner works with others in indigenous board games.
- Learning to learn: the learner acquires and masters skills in indigenous board games.

#### Values:

- Responsibility: the learner takes on different roles during indigenous board games.
- Unity: the learner works with others in indigenous board games

# Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs):

- Safety: the learner observes safety rules when playing indigenous board games.
- Health and Fitness: the learner improves fitness through indigenous board games for a healthy lifestyle.

## Link to other learning areas:

• Mathematics: the learner keeps counting during indigenous board games.

Assessment Rubric for Creating and Performing in Creative Arts and Sport

<b>Level Indicator</b>	Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	<b>Below Expectations</b>
Ability to describe creating and performing features in Creative Arts and Sports. contemporary dance techniques (leg work, versatility, fall, recovery, and release), elements of a play character, plot, theme,	Describes all 10 aspects of creating and performing in Creative Arts and Sports accurately citing relevant illustrations.	Describes all 10 aspects of creating and performing in Creative Arts and Sports accurately.	Describes 5-9 aspects of creating and performing in Creative Arts and Sports leaving out minor details.	Describes 4 or less aspects of creating and performing in Creative Arts and Sports leaving out major details.

conflict, resolution, language				
Ability to create items in Creative Arts and Sports: (rhythm, melody, mosaic, modelling a dummy trophy, book jacket, logo on a placard, play, traditional flipbook animation, contemporary dance routine, batik, drawing a scenery composition, model a vessel, make a frame loome, make a fabric using twill weaving technique.	Creates the 10 items in Creative Arts and Sports creatively.	Creates the 10 items in Creative Arts and Sports.	Creates 5-9 items in Creative Arts and Sports.	Creates 4 or less items in Creative Arts and Sports.
Ability to perform skills in Creative Arts and	Performs the 24 skills in Creative	Performs the 24 items in Creative	Performs 12-24 items in Creative Arts and Sports	Performs 11 or less items in Creative Arts

Sports:	Arts and Sports	Arts and Sports	with minor flaws and/or	and Sports with flaws
rhythm creation and	skilfully and/or	Correctly and/ or	inconsistencies.	and/or inconsistencies.
notation, triple jump	creatively.	accurately		
(hop, step and jump),				
long distance running				
(start, arm action,				
pacing, stride and				
breathing), melody				
writing, passes in rugby				
(spin, pop and basic),				
kicks in rugby (place				
and drop), descant				
recorder playing, passes				
in basketball (overhead,				
bounce and chest),				
dribbling in basketball,				
(high and low),				
performing a play, skills				
in contemporary dance,				
take photographs of				
scenery, edit				
photographs,				
swimming/board games				

STRAND 3.0: APPRECIATION IN CREATIVE ARTS AND SPORTS

Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Suggested Key Inquiry Question(s):
3.0 Appreciation in Creative Arts and Sports	3.1 Analysis of Creative Arts and Sports  (8 lessons)  • Analyse Key: C major/ G major/ F major  • Media  • Time signature, 2, 3, 4 4 4 4  • Performance directions-repeat and dynamics	By the end of the Sub Strand, the learner should be able to: a) examine the criteria for analysing Creative Arts and Sports, b) analyse a play performance, c) analyse skills in rugby, d) analyse a solo vocal piece of music, e) analyse a contemporary dance performance, f) evaluate an exhibition with both 2D and 3D artworks, g) appreciate the role of analysis in adding value to Creative Arts and Sports, h) embrace ethical issues in Creative Arts and Sports	<ul> <li>The learner is guided to:</li> <li>Brainstorm to interpret criteria for evaluating different categories of Creative Arts and Sports (rugby, contemporary dance and 2D and 3D art exhibition). Learners with speech difficulties could use alternative and augmentative modes of communication when brainstorming.</li> <li>Watch, listen to, read or observe selected Creative Arts and Sports performances for analysis. Learners with postural defects or short stature could be appropriately positioned for comfort and clear view. Screen resolution and light intensity could be regulated for learners who are</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Why is analysis an important skill in Creative Arts and Sports?</li> <li>How can analysis of creative arts and sports enhance creativity?</li> </ol>

	$\neg$
sensitive to light when	
watching creative arts and	
sports performances.	
Analyse a given play	
performance to evaluate theme,	
setting, conflict, resolution, use	
of voice, use of body	
movement, internalisation,	
audience involvement, props,	
costume, overall impression.	
• Listen to and analyse a solo	
vocal piece of music.	
Analyse a given game of rugby	
paying attention to: passes	
(pop, spin and basic) and	
kicking (drop and place kick).	
Analyse a given contemporary	
dance routine to evaluate the	
following: story, technique,	
movement, music, costume and	
props.	
Analyse an exhibition with both	
2D and 3D artworks for self-	
reflection while paying	
attention to: (organisation of the	

	work balance, proportion, dominance), -subject matter (what is happening - topic), theme - what is the artist saying), Judgement: Evaluating the exhibited artworks.  • Discuss ethical issues in Creative Arts.  • Discuss ethical issues in Sports (Anti-doping overview).	
--	--	--

### Core competencies to be developed:

- Self-Efficacy: the learner gains confidence in their ability to evaluate and appreciate diverse forms of artistic expression as they apply their knowledge and skills to assess the artistic merits of visual representations in these arts.
- Citizenship: the learner exhibits cultural citizenship by exploring and understanding the cultural context and significance of the folk song.
- Learning to Learn: demonstrated as the learner adapts to new information, seeks further knowledge, and refines their evaluation skills throughout the process of evaluating Creative Arts and Sports.

#### **Values**

- Unity: Through collaborative efforts in understanding diverse perspectives, the learner contributes to a sense of unity within the learning community.
- Patriotism: The learner showcases patriotism by exploring and celebrating the cultural richness embedded in a Kenyan folk song, contributing to the preservation and appreciation of local heritage.
- Integrity: The learner approaches the evaluation task with integrity, ensuring honest and principled assessments that contribute to the ethical critique of artistic expression.

# Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs):

- Life Skills: the learner develops analytical and creative thinking as they discuss and critique the Creative Arts and Sports areas.
- Learner Support Programmes: the learner exercises fair play as they critique and give honest opinions respectfully of their own and other's displayed disciplines.

## Link to other learning areas:

- English and Kiswahili: language skills are essential in articulating and expressing thoughts when examining and discussing criteria for creative arts and sports evaluation.
- Social Studies: perspectives can be applied to understand the historical, cultural, and societal context of the folk song and its significance within the community

**Assessment Rubric for Appreciation in Creative Arts and Sports** 

Level	<b>Exceeds Expectations</b>	<b>Meets Expectations</b>	<b>Approaches Expectations</b>	<b>Below Expectations</b>
Indicator				
Ability to examine the	Examines the criteria	Examines the criteria	Examines the criteria for	Examines the
criteria for evaluating	for evaluating the 5	for evaluating the 5	evaluating 3-4 areas in	criteria for evaluating
Creative Arts and	areas in Creative Arts	areas in Creative	Creative Arts and Sports.	2 or less areas in
Sports.	and Sports in areas	Arts and Sports		Creative Arts and
(Rugby, mosaic	depth.	correctly.		Sports
artwork, solo vocal				
music, contemporary				
dance)				

Ability to analyse	Analyses all the 6	Analyses all the 6	Analyses 3 to 5	Analyses less than 2
performances or pieces	performances or pieces	performances or	performances or pieces in	or less performances
in Creative Arts and	in Creative Arts and	pieces in Creative	Creative Arts and Sports.	or pieces in Creative
Sports,	Sports critically.	Arts and Sports.		Arts and Sports.
(solo vocal music,		_		_
game of rugby, mosaic				
artwork (organisation				
of the work, subject				
matter, theme),				
modelling of dummy				
trophy (organisation of				
the work, subject				
matter, theme),				
contemporary dance)				

#### APPENDIX I: GUIDELINES FOR INTEGRATING COMMUNITY SERVICE-LEARNING (CSL) PROJECT

#### Introduction

In Grade 9, learners will undertake an integrated Community Service Learning (CSL) project of choice from a single or combined subject. The CSL project will enable the learner to apply knowledge and skills from other subjects to address a problem in the community. The implementation of the integrated CSL project will take a Whole School Approach, where all members of the school community including teachers, school administration, parents/guardians/ local community and support staff. It will be a collaborative effort where the teacher of Social Studies coordinates and works with other subject teachers to design and implement the integrated CSL project. The teachers will select a theme drawn from different Learning Areas and the broader categories of Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs) for the CSL project. It should also provide an opportunity for development of core competencies and nurturing of values. Learners will undertake a **variety of** integrated CSL group projects in teams of following a 6-step milestone approach as follows:

Milestone	Description
Milestone 1	Problem Identification Learners study their community to understand the challenges faced and their effects on community members. Some of the challenges in the community can be:  • Environmental degradation  • Lifestyle diseases, Communicable and non-communicable diseases  • Poverty  • Violence and conflicts in the community  • Food security issues

Milestone 2	Designing a solution Learners create an intervention to address the challenge identified.						
Milestone 3	Planning for the Project Learners share roles, create a list of activities to be undertaken, mobilise resources needed to create t intervention and set timelines for execution						
Milestone 4	Implementation The learners execute the project and keep evidence of work done.						
Milestone 5	Showcasing /Exhibition and Report Writing Exhibitions involve showcasing learners' project items to the community and reflecting on the feedback Learners write a report detailing their project activities and learnings from feedback						
Milestone 6	Reflection Learners review all project work to learn from the challenges faced. They link project work with academic concepts, noting how the concepts enabled them to do their project as well as how the project helped to deepen learning of the academic concepts.						

**NOTE:** The milestones will be staggered across the 3 terms of the academic calendar.

#### ASSESSMENT OF CSL INTEGRATED PROJECT

Assessment for the integrated CSL group projects will be conducted formatively. The assessment will consider both the process and end product. This entails assessing each of the milestone stages of the integrated CSL group projects. They will focus on 3 components namely: skills from various learning areas applied in carrying out the projects, core competencies developed and values nurtured.

# APPENDIX II: LIST OF SUGGESTED ASSESSMENT METHODS, LEARNING RESOURCES AND NON-FORMAL ACTIVITIES

Strand	Sub Strand	Suggested Assessment Resources	Suggested Assessment Methods	Adaptation Of Assessment Methods	Non-Formal Activities
1.0 Foundations of Creative Arts and Sports	1.1. Careers In Creative Arts And Sports	<ul> <li>Adapted manilla/heavy gauge paper</li> <li>Colours</li> <li>Adapted cutting tools</li> <li>found/recycled materials</li> <li>Textbooks on the history and significance of creative arts and sports</li> <li>Videos showcasing the evolution and cultural importance of creative arts and sports in Kenya</li> <li>Guest speakers, such as local artists and</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Portfolio         Assessment:         Compilation of individual and group work.</li> <li>Individual         Reflections and Self-Assessment:         Personal understanding and growth.</li> <li>Group         Presentation and Panel Discussion:         Comprehensive understanding and ability to articulate concepts.</li> <li>Interactive         Classroom</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Written test/typing, stamping or signing</li> <li>Using digital device</li> <li>Recording</li> <li>Use of scribes</li> <li>Use of adapted pens, paper, book holders,</li> <li>Adjustment of time and space</li> <li>Providing illustrations to be interpreted</li> </ul>	• Field visits - visiting Cultural, Art, Music centres and performing theatres, to learn folk songs, folk dances, musical instruments, verses, skits and narrative, Art work. Attend live performances for basic analysis. • Apprenticeship - connections with artists,

athletes, for interactive sessions  Field trips to museums, art galleries, and sports facilities.  Positioning devices: chest/ neck braces, prone wedges/ beds, special seats with straps, tables with adjustable heights and inclination  Adapted digital devices: adapted computers with larger screens  Other Related Services: Physiotherapy, Occupation Therapy, Speech Therapy, Learners Support Assistant	Walkthrough: Application of knowledge in a real-world context.  Individual Written test: Mastery of theoretical concepts. Peer Review and Feedback: Collaboration, communication, and constructive feedback. Practical Demonstrations: Application of skills in physical	<ul> <li>Use of worksheets</li> <li>Oral or Aural assessment</li> <li>Signing, miming, use of AAC, time adjustment</li> <li>Portfolio/ • e-Portfolio</li> <li>Physical support</li> <li>Use of assistive devices</li> <li>Adapted digital devices and writing materials.</li> <li>Description of how to carry out a practical activity while</li> </ul>	athletes and sportsmen in the community, learning from the example of older people or instrumentalists in all disciplines of Performing Arts, Visual Arts and Sports.  • Concerts – Participating in and attending music or drama concerts within the school and its environs.  • Project work – The learners will be guided to consider the various PCIs provided in the subjects in Grade 7 and
--	--	---	---

Assessment:  Expression of creativity in arts and performance.  Final Project Evaluation Rubric: Holistic assessment.  Assessment:  Expression of creativity in arts and performance.  Final Project Evaluation Rubric: Holistic assessment.  Assessment:  Physical participating in Music, Art, Sports and Drama clubs resources  Description Of how to carry out a service within the school			•	creativity in arts and performance.  Final Project Evaluation Rubric: Holistic	Ph suj	ysical pport Adapted resources Description	•	Drama clubs - participating in Music, Art, Sports and Drama club activities within
--	--	--	---	--	-----------	--	---	--

		<ul> <li>Description         of how to         carry out a         practical         activity while         being         audio/video         recorded</li> <li>Time         adjustment</li> </ul>	in skill-building drills, developing sportsmanship, teamwork, and fair play.  • Creative Arts Exhibition: Plan a creative arts exhibition where learners showcase their artistic talents. This can include displaying paintings, drawings, sculptures, and other visual arts creations. Incorporate a small stage for musical
			small stage for musical performances and dance

		displays.  School assembly activities — performing, watching or listening to performances during school assemblies.  School events: performing during events such as parents, prize giving, career and sports day among others.  Scout/Girl guide activities - participating in the school band by playing musical

		how Creative Arts and Sports address social issues.
1.2.	• Found materials	
Components	Sample pictures	
Of Creative	• Videos	
Arts And	Adequate/appropriate	
Sports	open field	
	<ul> <li>Adapted charts and diagrams illustrating the various components.</li> <li>Online articles explaining the role of each component in</li> </ul>	
	creative arts and sports.  • Hands-on activities to	
	engage students in experiencing different components.	
	Collaborative projects	
	where students can explore and showcase their talents in	

T
creative arts and
sports.
Adapted writing
resources: Padded
pens/ pencils with
enhanced grip head/
mouth pointers book
holders and page
turners universal
cuffs, typing aids.
Positioning devices:
chest/ neck braces,
prone wedges/ beds,
special seats with
straps, tables with
adjustable heights
and inclination
Adapted digital
devices: adapted
computers with
larger screens
Other Related
Services:
Physiotherapy,
Occupation Therapy,
Speech Therapy,

		Learners Support	
		Assistant	
2.0 Creating	2.1 Picture	Adapted art supplies:	
and	Making	drawing heavy gauge	
Performing		paper, pencils,	
in Creative		colored pencils,	
Arts and		paints, etc.	
<b>Sports</b>		Art tutorials and	
		demonstrations	
		• Examples of famous	
		paintings and artists	
		Classroom exhibitions	
		of students' artwork	
		Adapted writing	
		resources: Padded	
		pens/ pencils with	
		enhanced grip head/	
		mouth pointers book	
		holders and page	
		turners universal	
		cuffs, typing aids.	
		Positioning devices:	
		chest/ neck braces,	
		prone wedges/ beds,	
		special seats with	
		straps, tables with	

	adjustable heights	
	adjustable heights	
	and inclination	
	Adapted digital	
	devices: adapted	
	computers with	
	larger screens	
	<ul> <li>Other Related</li> </ul>	
	Services:	
	Physiotherapy,	
	Occupation Therapy,	
	Speech Therapy,	
	Learners Support	
	Assistant	
	1 10010	
2.2. I	hythm • Instructional Videos	
	• Interactive	
	Worksheets	
	Notation Software	
	Tutorials	
	Interactive Notation	
	Apps	
	• Printable Rhythm	
	Worksheets	
i l		
	• Improvisation Guides	
	<ul><li>Improvisation</li><li>Exercises</li></ul>	

	Music Games
	• Adapted writing
	resources: Padded
	pens/ pencils with
	enhanced grip head/
	mouth pointers book
	holders and page
	turners universal
	cuffs, typing aids.
	• Other Related
	Services:
	Physiotherapy,
	Occupation Therapy,
	Speech Therapy,
	Learners Support
	Assistant.
2.3 Athletics	Adapted Athletic
And Mosaic	equipment: cones,
	hurdles, shot puts,
	etc.
	Adequate/appropriate
	space for running
	and field activities
	Mosaic creation
	materials: tiles, glue,
	backing material
	oucking material

	• Videos
	demonstrating
	athletic techniques
	and mosaic creation
	Adequate/appropriate
	outdoor activities
	promoting physical
	fitness and mosaic
	creation.
	Adapted writing
	resources: Padded
	pens/ pencils with
	enhanced grip head/
	mouth pointers book
	holders and page
	turners universal
	cuffs, typing aids.
2.4. Melody	Adapted Musical
	instruments:
	keyboards, guitars, etc.
	• Sheet music and
	musical notation
	resource
	• Listening sessions
	featuring different
	melodies and genres

	1	
		Group singing and composition exercises
		Adapted writing
		resources: Padded
		pens/ pencils with
		enhanced grip head/
		mouth pointers book
		holders and page
		turners universal cuffs,
		typing aids.
2	2.5 Rugby	Adapted Rugby
	as Rugby	equipment: balls,
		goalposts, cones, etc.
		Adapted Rugby rules
		and strategies
		• Videos of rugby
		matches and
		professional players
		Practical sessions for
		rugby skills and
		gameplay
		Positioning devices:
		chest/ neck braces,
		prone wedges/ beds,
		special seats with
		straps, tables with
		orapo, moreo mar

	adjustable heights and
	inclination
	Adapted digital
	devices: adapted
	computers with larger
	screen
	• Other Related
	Services:
	Physiotherapy,
	Occupation Therapy,
	Speech Therapy,
	Learners Support
	Assistant
2.6	Cameras or
Multimedia	smartphones with
	photography
	capabilities
	<ul><li>Photography tutorials</li></ul>
	and techniques
	• Examples of
	impactful
	photographic works
	Student projects
	capturing various
	aspects of creative
	arts and sports

Г	
	Positioning devices:
	chest/ neck braces,
	prone wedges/ beds,
	special seats with
	straps, tables with
	adjustable heights and
	inclination
	Adapted digital
	devices: adapted
	computers with larger
	screens
	Other Related
	Services:
	Physiotherapy,
	Occupation Therapy,
	Speech Therapy,
	Learners Support
	Assistant
2.7 Descant	Descant recorders for
Recorder	students
	Sheet music and
	recorder tutorials
	Videos featuring
	descant recorder
	performances

Group sessions for
practicing and
performing descant
recorder music
Positioning devices:
chest/ neck braces,
prone wedges/ beds,
special seats with
straps, tables with
adjustable heights
and inclination
Adapted digital
devices: adapted
computers with
larger screens
• Other Related
Services:
Physiotherapy,
Occupation Therapy,
Speech Therapy,
Learners Support
Assistant
ASSISTANT

2.8 Play	Play books and
	collections
	Play-related resources
	and games
	Role-playing
	scenarios and
	activities
	• Discussions on the
	importance of play in
	creative arts and
	sports
	Creative playwriting
	and performance
	exercises
	Adapted writing
	resources: Padded
	pens/ pencils with
	enhanced grip head/
	mouth pointers book
	holders and page
	turners universal
	cuffs, typing aids.
	Positioning devices:
	chest/ neck braces,
	prone wedges/ beds,
	special seats with

		1	
	straps, tables with		
	adjustable heights		
	and inclination		
	Adapted digital		
	devices: adapted		
	computers with		
	larger screens		
	Other Related		
	Services:		
	Physiotherapy,		
	Occupation Therapy,		
	Speech Therapy,		
	Learners Support		
	Assistant		
2.9. Basketball	Adapted Basketball		
And Graphic	equipment: balls,		
Design	hoops, bibs, etc.		
	Adapted Basketball		
	rules and strategies		
	<ul> <li>Graphic design</li> </ul>		
	software and tutorials		
	<ul> <li>Student projects</li> </ul>		
	combining basketball		
	themes with graphic		
	design elements		

Adapted writing	
resources: Padded	
pens/ pencils with	
enhanced grip head/	
mouth pointers book	
holders and page	
turners universal	
cuffs, typing aids.	
Positioning devices:	
chest/ neck braces,	
prone wedges/ beds,	
special seats with	
straps, tables with	
adjustable heights	
and inclination	
Adapted digital	
devices: adapted	
computers with	
larger screens	
Other Related	
Services:	
Physiotherapy,	
Occupation Therapy,	
Speech Therapy,	
Learners Support	
Assistant	

10.10	
2.10	Adapted dance studio
Contemporary	or open space for
Dance	dance activities
	Dance tutorials and
	choreography
	sessions
	Videos showcasing
	contemporary dance
	performances
	performances and
	projects
	Adapted writing
	resources: Padded
	pens/ pencils with
	enhanced grip head/
	mouth pointers book
	holders and page
	turners universal
	cuffs, typing aids.
	Positioning devices:
	chest/ neck braces,
	prone wedges/ beds,
	special seats with
	_
	straps, tables with

	adjustable heights and inclination  • Adapted digital devices: adapted computers with larger screens  • Other Related Services: Physiotherapy, Occupation Therapy, Speech Therapy, Learners Support
	Assistant
2.11 Indigenous Kenyan Craft	<ul> <li>Pottery materials:     clay, wheel, glazes,     etc.</li> <li>Tutorials on     traditional Kenyan     pottery techniques</li> <li>Examples of Kenyan     pottery designs</li> <li>Student projects     creating their pottery     pieces</li> </ul>

		Adapted writing     resources: Padded     pens/ pencils with     enhanced grip head/     mouth pointers book     holders and page     turners universal     cuffs, typing aids.      Positioning devices:     chest/ neck braces,     prone wedges/ beds,     special seats with     straps, tables with     adjustable heights     and inclination      Adapted digital     devices: adapted     computers with     larger screens
OPTIONAL (Do One) Either Swimming Or Kenyan Indigenous Game	2.12.1 Swimming (Optional)	<ul> <li>Adapted swimming pool access and safety measures</li> <li>Swimming instructors or lifeguards</li> </ul>

Adapted swim gear:	
swimsuits, goggles,	
etc.	
Swimming lessons	
and practice sessions	
Positioning devices:	
chest/ neck braces,	
prone wedges/ beds,	
special seats with	
straps, tables with	
adjustable heights	
and inclination	
Adapted digital	
devices: adapted	
computers with	
larger screens	
Other Related	
Services:	
Physiotherapy,	
Occupation Therapy,	
Speech Therapy,	
Learners Support	
Assistant	
Assistant	

2.12.2 Kenyan Indigenous Games (Optional)	<ul> <li>Adapted Traditional Kenyan game materials for tagging</li> <li>Adapted Rules and instructions for the game</li> <li>Examples of traditional Kenyan tagging games</li> <li>Group sessions for playing and learning the game</li> <li>Positioning devices: chest/ neck braces, prone wedges/ beds, special seats with straps, tables with adjustable heights and inclination</li> <li>Adapted digital devices: adapted computers with larger screens</li> </ul>
---	--

		• Other Related Services: Physiotherapy, Occupation Therapy, Speech Therapy, Learners Support Assistant		
3.0 Appreciation in Creative Arts and Sports	3.1 Analysis Of Creative Arts And Sports	<ul> <li>Critical analysis tools and frameworks</li> <li>Worksheets for analyzing artistic and sports performances</li> <li>Class discussions and debates on the cultural and social aspects</li> <li>Research projects exploring the impact of creative arts and sports in Kenya</li> <li>Adapted writing resources: Padded pens/ pencils with enhanced grip head/</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>3.0 Appreciation in Creative Arts and Sports</li> <li>Criteria Interpretation</li> <li>Brainstorming Session: Ability to interpret and discuss criteria for evaluating different categories. Assess their understanding and ability to articulate evaluation criteria.</li> <li>Performance Analysis: Reflective analysis of selected Creative</li> </ul>	

mouth pointers book	Arts and Sports	
holders and page	performances.	
turners universal	(Folksong, Football	
cuffs, typing aids.	game, Storytelling	
<ul><li>Positioning devices:</li></ul>	performances)	
chest/ neck braces,	• Painting	
prone wedges/ beds,	<b>Evaluation:</b>	
special seats with	Evaluation of visual	
straps, tables with	artworks. Assess	
adjustable heights	their ability to	
and inclination	evaluate the	
<ul> <li>Adapted digital</li> </ul>	organisation of the	
devices: adapted	work (balance,	
computers with	proportion,	
larger screens	dominance), subject	
S	matter, theme, and	
	overall judgement	
	of the artwork.	
	• Group Analysis	
	and Presentation:	
	Collaborative	
	analysis and	
	presentation skills.	
	Assess their	
	collaborative skills	
	and the depth of	

their understanding.
• Critical
Judgement Essays:
Critical analysis and
judgement in
written form
providing critical
judgement on
specific Creative
Arts and Sports
categories.
Peer Review and
Feedback: